XC-YZBCW Series 1550nm High-power Optical Amplifier(With PON Port)

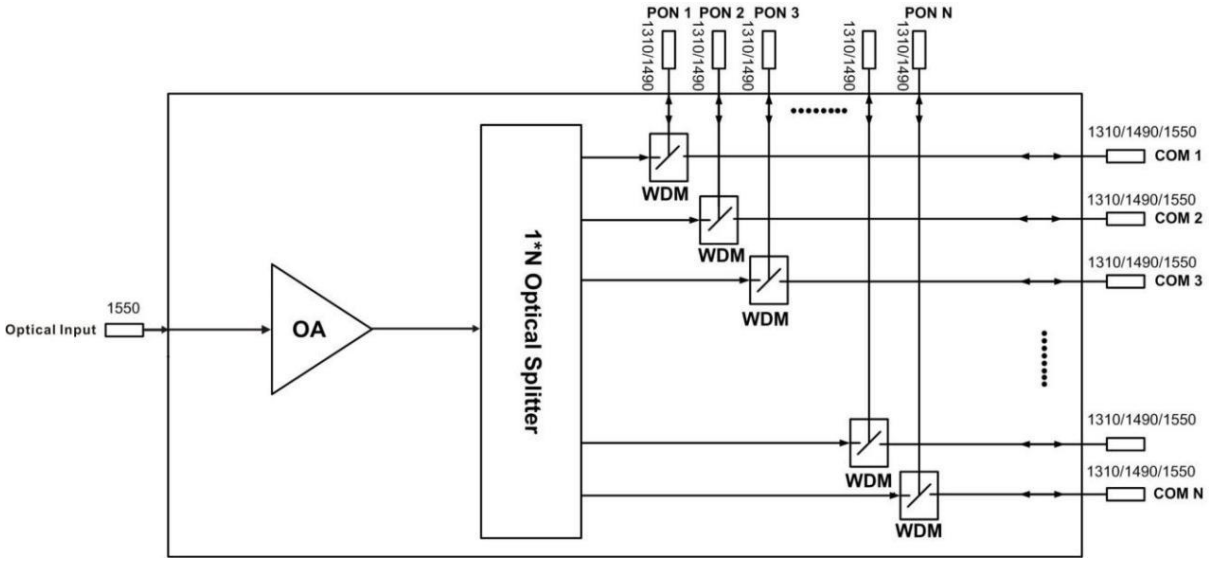
1 Product Overview

XC-YZBCW 1550nm optical amplifier uses well-known high-performance Erbium-ytterbium co-doped double-clad fiber and low-noise pump laser. It has a reliable circuit design and efficient heat dissipation design. The maximum total output power of the whole machine can reach +38dBm, and it supports up to 64 outputs (including CWDM). 2RU,19" design, which is suitable for standard rack. It provides SNMP protocol network management software and WEB network management, which is suitable for amplification transmission of downstream 1550nm optical signal in FTTH network.

2 Features

- Adopts Er-Yb Co-doped double-clad fiber technology
- Output ports: 4-64 optional
- Optical output power: total output up to 8W
- Low noise figure: ≤5.5dB when input is 0dBm
- Standard network management, support WEB and SNMP
- Intelligent temperature control system to make the power consumption lower

3 Block diagram

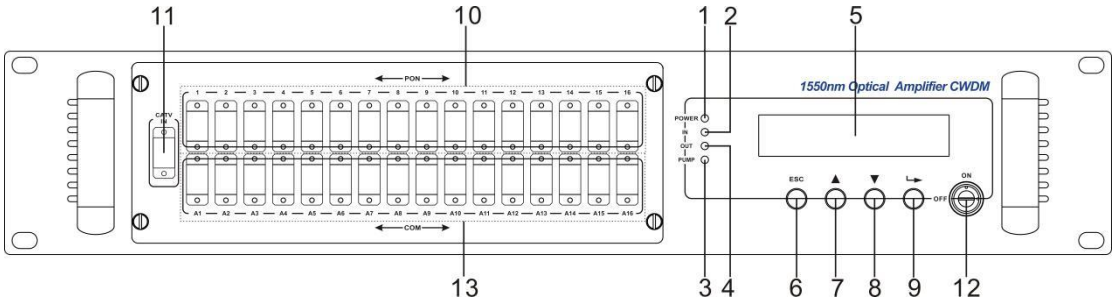


4 Technique Parameter

Item		Unit	Technique parameters	Remark
CATV pass through wavelength		nm	1545 - 1565	
PON pass through wavelength		nm	1260 - 1500 & 1570 - 1650	
PON insertion loss		dB	< 0.8	
Isolation		dB	> 30	
Optical input power range		dBm	-5 - +10	
Maximum optical output power		dBm	38	
Output power stability		dBm	± 0.5	
Noise figure		dB	≤ 5.5	Optical input power 0dBm，λ=1550nm
Return loss	Input	dB	≥ 45	
	Output	dB	≥ 45	
Optical Connector Type			SC/APC, SC/UPC, LC/APC,LC/UPC, SC/PC	
Power supply voltage		V	A:AC160V - 250V(50 Hz)　B:DC48V	
Consumption		W	≤ 70	
Operating temperature range		°C	-10 - +45	
Maximum operating relative humidity		%	Max 95% No Condensation	
Storage temperature range		°C	-30 - +70	
Maximum storage relative humidity		%	Max 95% No Condensation	
Dimension		mm	483(L)×440(W)×88(H)	

5 External Function Description

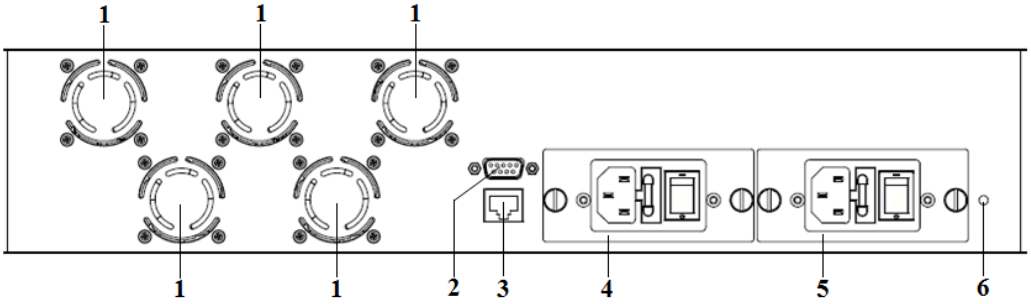
5.1 Front Panel Description



1. Power indicator: One switching power supply is working – yellow; two switching power supplies are working – green.
2. Optical input power indicator: This light turns on when the optical input power is > -10dBm.
3. Pump working status indicator: Red light means the pump is not working; Flashing red light means the machine has broken down; Green light means the pump is working normal.
4. Optical output power indicator: This light turns on when the optical output power is > +10dBm.
5. 160×32 dot-matrix LCD screen
6. Display the exit or cancel key of the setup menu.
7. Display the up or increase key of the setup menu.
8. Display the down or decrease key of the setup menu.
9. Display the enter key of the setup menu.
10. PON port
11. Optical signal input

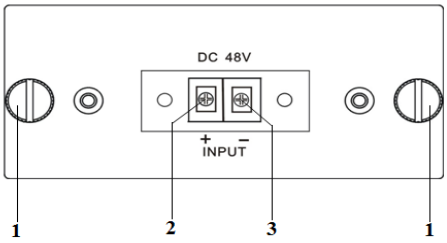
12. Pump laser switching key: “ON” means the pump laser is open and “OFF” means the pump laser is closed. Ensure the key is on “OFF” position before power on. After passing self-test, rotate the key to “ON” position according to the displayed message.
13. Public port (COM port)

5.2 Rear Panel Description



1. Fan outlet.	2. RS232 interface.	3. LAN interface
4. Power supply 1.	5. Power supply 2.	6. Ground stud of the chassis.

5.3 DC Power Introduction



1	Mounting screws
2	+ Positive terminal block
3	- Negative terminal block

6 Menu System

6.1 Main Menu

Name	Display	Description
System Starting	*xxxxxxx*	Manufacturers’ logo
	xxxxxxx	Equipment model
	xxxxxxx	Start countdown / lock status
Suspend Page	In: *xx.x* out: *xx.x* Unit: dBm	Display the optical input / output power Unit: dBm
Main Page	1.Disp Parameters	Entry of parameter display menu
	2.Set Parameters	Entry of parameter setup menu
	3.Alarm Status	Entry of alarm information menu

6.2 Display Menu

Input Power:	xx.x	Input power, accurate to 0.1 dBm
Output Power:	xx.x	Output power, accurate to 0.1 dBm
Laser1 Power:	xx.x	Pump laser1 power, accurate to 0.1 dBm
Laser1 Bias Current:	x.x A	Bias current of pump laser1, accurate to 0.1 A
Laser1 Temperature:	xx.x℃	Temperature of pump laser1, accurate to 0.1℃
Laser1 TEC Current:	x.xx A	Cooling current of pump laser1, accurate to 0.01 A
Laser2 Bias Current:	x.x A	Bias current of pump laser2, accurate to 0.1 A
Laser2 Temperature:	x.xx ℃	Temperature of pump laser2, accurate to 0.1℃
DC +5V:	x.xx V	+5V power supply voltage, accurate to 0.1 V
DC -5V:	-x.xx V	-5V power supply voltage, accurate to 0.1 V
S/N:	xxxxxx	Serial number
Device Temperature:	xx.xx ℃	Device temperature, accurate to 0.1 ℃
IP Address:	xxx.xxx	IP address
Mask:	xxx.xxx	Subnet mask
Gateway:	xxx.xxx	Gateway
Mac:	xxxxxx	Mac address
Trap1:	xxx.xxx	trap1 address
Trap2:	xxx.xxx	trap2 address
Software Version:	xxxxx	Software version number

6.3 Setup Menu

Set Low Input Threshold	Set the low optical input power alarm threshold, range -5.0～10.0dBm
Set High Input Threshold	Set the high optical input power alarm threshold , range -5.0～
Set Output Attenuation	Set the optical output power attenuation
Set Local IP Addr	Set IP address
Set Subnet Mask	Set subnet mask
Set Gateway	Set gateway
Set Trap1 Address	Set trap1
Set Trap2 Address	Set trap2
Set Buzzer Enable	Set the switch of beeper
Restore Factory	Restore the factory configuration，set content as shown above

6.4 Warning menu

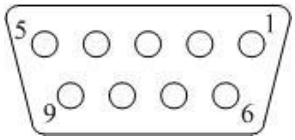
Input Alarm: xxx	xxx= LOLOW:	Very low optical input power alarm
	xxx= LOW:	Low optical input power alarm
	xxx= HIGH:	High optical input power alarm
	Xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high optical input power alarm
Output Alarm: xxx	xxx= LOLOW:	Very low optical output power alarm
	xxx= LOW:	Low optical output power alarm
	xxx= HIGH:	High optical output power alarm
	Xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high optical output power alarm
Laserx Power: xxx	xxx= LOLOW:	Very low power of pump laser x alarm
	xxx= LOW:	Low power of pump laser x alarm
	xxx= HIGH:	High power of pump laser x alarm
	Xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high power of pump laser x alarm
Laserx Bias: xxx	xxx= LOLOW:	Very low bias current of pump laser x alarm
	xxx= LOW:	Low bias current of pump laser x alarm
	xxx= HIGH:	High bias current of pump laser x alarm
	Xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high bias current of pump laser x alarm
Laserx Temperature: xxx	xxx= LOLOW:	Very low temperature of pump laser x alarm
	xxx= LOW:	Low temperature of pump laser x alarm
	xxx= HIGH:	High temperature of pump laser x alarm
	Xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high temperature of pump laser x alarm
Laserx Tec: xxx	xxx= LOLOW:	Very low cooling current of pump laser x alarm
	xxx= LOW:	Low cooling current of pump laser x alarm
	xxx= HIGH:	High cooling current of pump laser x alarm
	Xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high cooling current of pump laser x alarm
DC +5V Alarm: xxx	xxx= LOLOW:	Very low +5V DC power supply alarm
	xxx= LOW:	Low +5V DC power supply alarm
	xxx= HIGH:	High +5V DC power supply alarm
	Xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high +5V DC power supply alarm
DC -5V Alarm: xxx	xxx= LOLOW:	Very low -5V DC power supply alarm
	xxx= LOW:	Low -5V DC power supply alarm
	xxx= HIGH:	High -5V DC power supply alarm
	Xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high -5V DC power supply alarm
Device Temperature: xxx	xxx= LOLOW:	Very low chassis temperature alarm
	xxx= LOW:	Low chassis temperature alarm
	xxx= HIGH:	High chassis temperature alarm
	xxx= HIHIGH:	Very high chassis temperature alarm
Fan Invalid		Fan fails
Invalid Power	LEFT/RIGHT	Invalid power supply

7.Communication Setup Descriptions

7.1 Communication Interface Description

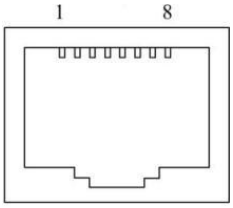
1) RS232 communication interface adopts DB9 standard connector, the pin definitions as follow:

The serial communication uses the standard NRZ form, 1 starts bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and the baud rate is 38400.



1：No Connect	2：TX	3：RX
4：No Connect	5：GND	6：No Connect
7：No Connect	8：No Connect	9：No Connect

2) LAN communication interface adopts RJ45 standard connector, the pin definitions as follow:

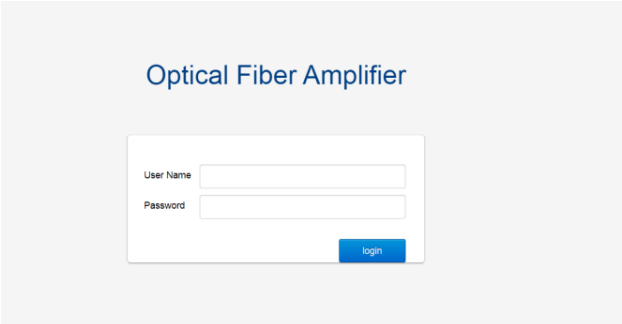


LAN

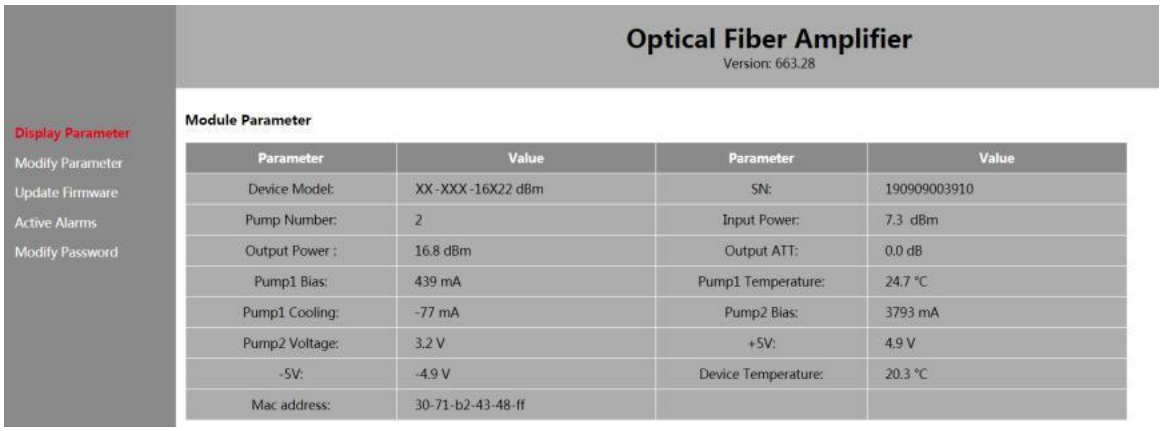
1：TX+	2：TX-	3：RX+
4：No Connect	5：No Connect	6：RX-
7：No Connect	8：No Connect	

7.2 WEB Network Management

(1) Opening the IE browser and entering the equipment IP address leads to the following interface



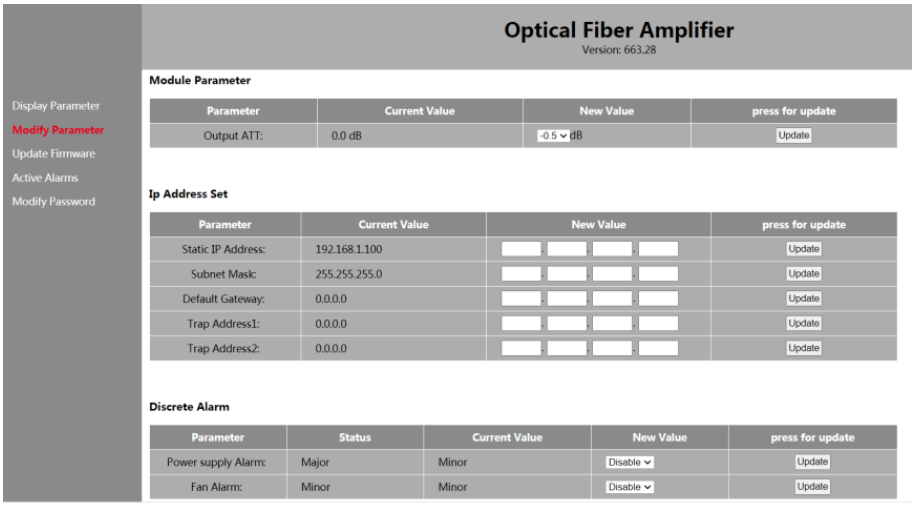
(2) Enter the user name admin and password 123456 (factory default), to show the following interface



There are 5 sub-interfaces:

1. **Display Parameter** interface: Describes the equipment display menu.
2. **Modify Parameter** interface: Change the equipment parameters in this interface.
3. **Update Firmware** interface: Update firmware in this interface.
4. **Active Alarm** interface: Display all the active alarm.
5. **Modify Password** interface: Change the login password in this interface.

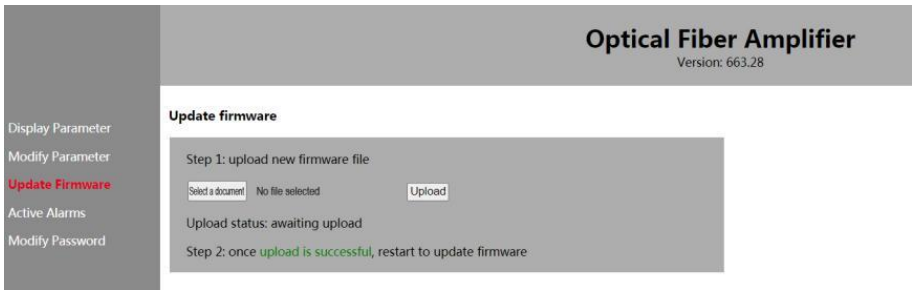
(3) Click **Modify Parameter** to open the following interface:



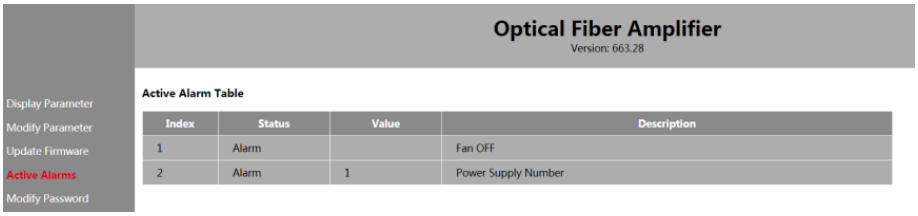
The **Item** shows the changeable parameters, **Current Value**—the current parameters; **New Value**—select or enter the new parameters; **Update**—update the parameters.

The update steps: Find the item which needs to be changed, select a new value, and click the **Update** button.

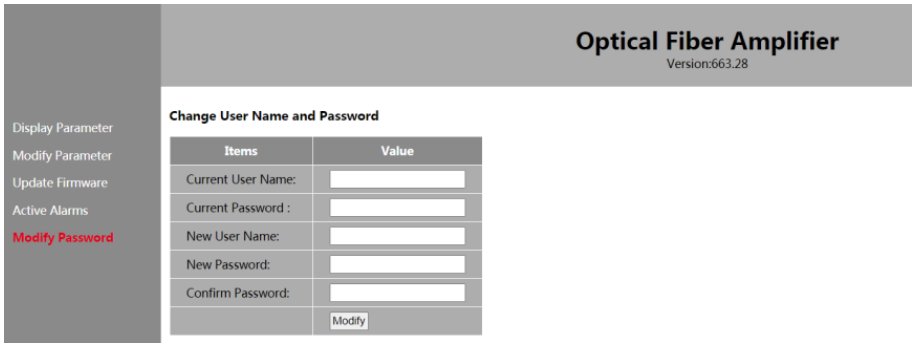
(4) Click **Update Firmware** to achieve update new firmware.



(5) **Active Alarm**: the active alarm table. Find the cause of the fault according to the specific alarm display.



(6) **Modify Password**: modify the user name or the password or both.



8 Attention

- Ensure the package is not defaced. If the equipment is damaged due to transportation or other reasons, please don't electrify to avoid worse damage.
- Before powering on, make sure that the grounding terminals of the chassis and power socket are reliably grounded, and the grounding resistance should be ＜4Ω, which can effectively protect against surges and static electricity.
- Optical amplifier is a highly technical professional equipment,its installation and debugging must be operated by professional technicians. Read this manual carefully before operating to avoid damage to equipment caused by fault operation or accident harm to the operator.
- When installing and debugging optical equipment, invisible laser beams may be emitted inside the fiber connector.Avoiding permanent harm to the body and eye, the fiber connector should not aim at the human body and human should not look directly at the fiber connector with the naked eye!
- There must be no shielding outside the ventilation holes of the device. Poor ventilation will cause the index to decrease, and in serious cases will cause damage to the device.
- When cleaning the fiber end face, you must confirm that the optical source is turned off.
- When the fiber connector is not in use, put a dust cover to avoid dust pollution and keep the end surface of the optical fiber clean.
- When installing the fiber connector, apply appropriate force to avoid damage to the adapter. Otherwise, the output optical power may decrease.